

RightMed® pharmacogenomic drug list

The OneOme RightMed PGx test is a provider-ordered comprehensive pharmacogenomic test of 22-genes that covers more than 340 prescription medications. These medications are used for treating common medical indications:

Acute migraine, Allergies, Alzheimer's disease, Anticoagulation, Antiplatelet therapy, Arrhythmias, Bacterial infection, Benign prostatic hyperplasia, Cancer, Chronic hepatitis C, Depression/anxiety, Diabetes, Fungal infection, Gastroesophageal reflux disease, Gout, HIV infection, Hypercholesterolemia, Hypertension, Immunosuppression, Migraine prophylaxis, Overactive bladder, Pain, Parkinson's disease, Psychosis, Rheumatoid arthritis, Seizure, Sleep disorders, Smoking cessation

GENOTYPE-DERIVED DRUGS

The following tables list drugs that will be binned according to an individual patient's genotype and the drug interaction determined by the RightMed PGx test. Binning consists of major, moderate, and minimal gene-drug interactions.

ALLERGY	Lidocaine Lomitapide Losartan Lovastatin Metoprolol Nifedipine Nisoldipine Pravastatin Procainamide Propafenone Propranolol Quinidine Randolazine Simvastatin Timolol Verapamil	INFECTIOUS DISEASE	Crizotinib Dasatinib Docetaxel Enzalutamide Erlotinib Etoposide Everolimus Exemestane Fluorouracil** Gefitinib Ifosfamide* Imatinib Irinotecan Ixabepilone Lapatinib Mercaptopurine** Methotrexate Nilotinib Paclitaxel Pazopanib Ponatinib Regorafenib Ruxolitinib Sorafenib Sunitinib Tamoxifen*	Iloperidone Imipramine Levomilnacipran Lurasidone Mirtazapine Nefazodone Nortriptyline Olanzapine Paroxetine Perphenazine Pimozide Protriptyline Quetiapine Risperidone Sertraline Thioridazine Trazodone Trimipramine Venlafaxine Vilazodone Vortioxetine
ANALGESIC / ANESTHESIOLOGY	Alfentanil Buprenorphine Carisoprodol Codeine* Cyclobenzaprine Fentanyl Hydrocodone Methadone Midazolam Oxycodone Tramadol*	DIETARY	Caffeine	
ANTI-INFLAMMATORY	Celecoxib Diclofenac Flurbiprofen Meloxicam Piroxicam	ENDOCRINOLOGY	Chlorpropamide Ethinyl estradiol Glimepiride Glipizide Glyburide Nateglinide Tolbutamide	
ANTICOAGULANT / ANTIPLATELET	Apixaban Cilostazol Clopidogrel* Ticagrelor Warfarin	GASTROENTEROLOGY	Aprepitant Dexlansoprazole Dolasetron Esomeprazole Lansoprazole Omeprazole Ondansetron Pantoprazole Rabeprazole	
CARDIOVASCULAR	Aliskiren Amiodarone Amlodipine Atorvastatin Azilsartan** Carvedilol Clonidine Diltiazem Disopyramide Dofetilide Dronedarone Eplerenone Felodipine Flecainide Fluvastatin Guanabenz Irbesartan Labetalol	GENETIC DISEASE	Eliglustat Ivacftor	
IMMUNOSUPPRESSION	Azathioprine** Cyclosporine Everolimus Sirolimus Tacrolimus	ONCOLOGY	Axitinib Belinostat Bortezomib Bosutinib Brentuximab vedotin Cabazitaxel Capecitabine**	

***CYP ACTIVATED PRODRUGS:** These drugs must be metabolized by CYP enzymes into their pharmacologically active form.

****NON-CYP ACTIVATED PRODRUGS:** These drugs are converted to their pharmacologically active form through processes independent of CYP involvement.

IMPACT OF METABOLIC STATUS ON DRUG ACTIVITY

METABOLIC STATUS	PRODRUGS	ACTIVE DRUGS
Rapid and ultrarapid metabolizers	May cause side effects or toxicity	May lack efficacy
Normal metabolizers	Presumed normal level of drug activity	Presumed normal level of drug activity
Intermediate metabolizers	May have reduced efficacy	May cause side effects or toxicity
Poor metabolizers	May lack efficacy	May cause side effects or toxicity

DRUGS WITH LIMITED GENETIC IMPACT

Pharmacogenomic testing is not relevant in informing a prescription decision for all medications. The genes tested on the RightMed pharmacogenomic test will not yield meaningful information for these medications because these medications have been shown to be unaffected by any known, clinically relevant genetic variants at this time.

For more information on these medications, see oneome.com/limited-pgx-drugs.

The following table lists drugs available in our online RightMed® Advisor, which includes information on their classification and drug-to-drug interactions.

ALLERGY Desloratadine Phenylephrine	Sotalol Spironolactone Telmisartan	HEMATOLOGY Darbepoetin alfa Decitabine Epoetin alfa	Bevacizumab Bleomycin Carboplatin Cetuximab Fulvestrant Ibritumomab Lenalidomide Leucovorin calcium Obinutuzumab Ofatumumab Oxaliplatin Panitumumab Pemetrexed Pertuzumab Rituximab Temozolomide Thalidomide Trastuzumab
ANALGESIC / ANESTHESIOLOGY Dexmedetomidine Hydromorphone Naloxone Naltrexone	ENDOCRINOLOGY Exenatide Ibandronate Insulin aspart Insulin aspart protamine/ Insulin aspart Insulin aspart/ Insulin degludec Insulin degludec Insulin detemir Insulin glargine Insulin glulisine Insulin lispro Insulin lispro protamine/ Insulin lispro Insulin NPH Insulin NPH/Insulin regular Insulin regular Insulin regular (oral inhalation) Levothyroxine Metformin Pamidronate Propylthiouracil Risedronate Vasopressin	IMMUNOSUPPRESSION Mycophenolate	
ANTICOAGULANT /ANTI-PLATELET Dalteparin Enoxaparin Heparin Prasugrel Tirofiban		INFECTIOUS DISEASE Atovaquone Cefdinir Ceftriaxone Fluconazole Flucytosine Levofloxacin Meropenem Moxifloxacin Nitrofurantoin Nystatin Piperacillin Posaconazole Ribavirin Sofosbuvir Sulfadiazine Vancomycin Zanamivir	
ANTIDOTE Sodium nitrite Succimer			PSYCHIATRY Desvenlafaxine Lithium Milnacipran Paliperidone Varenicline
CARDIOVASCULAR Alirocumab Atenolol Benazepril Chlorthalidone Colesevelam Digoxin Enalapril Ezetimibe Fenofibric acid Fosinopril Furosemide Gemfibrozil Hydrochlorothiazide Lisinopril Nitroglycerin Perindopril Ramipril Rosuvastatin	GASTROENTEROLOGY Adalimumab Certolizumab pegol Infliximab	NEUROLOGY Gabapentin Interferon beta-1a Interferon beta-1b Levetiracetam Memantine Pramipexole Pregabalin Rivastigmine Topiramate Vigabatrin	PULMONARY Albuterol Levalbuterol Montelukast Tiotropium
	GENETIC DISEASE Sapropterin Sodium phenylbutyrate Velaglucerase alfa		RHEUMATOLOGY Adalimumab Belimumab Certolizumab pegol Etanercept Infliximab Probenecid
		ONCOLOGY Afatinib Alemtuzumab Asparaginase	SLEEP MEDICINE Temazepam Zaleplon